

Las Alegrías (II)



Libreto de Partituras

Guitarra Flamenca paso a paso (VIII)

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Óscar Herrero

Une carrière professionnelle très développée qui commence depuis très jeune donne du crédit à son bon talent comme concertiste et compositeur.

Avec seulement 17 ans il offre son premier concert comme soliste et deux années ensuite il devient l'indispensable collaborateur des deux plus grands de la guitare flamenco du moment.

Il continue en solitaire sa marche déjà avec les premières reconnaissances et prix du plus haut niveau dans le monde du Flamenco, Bourdon Minier (Festival de l'Union) La Récompense Nationale de la Guitare Flamenca de Jerez de la Frontière, (Cadix).

Auteur d'une laborieuse méthode d'enseignement schématisée, totalement pionnière dans ce domaine où il souligne un long et juste travail de recherche sur la pédagogie dans la guitare flamenco. Dans son vaste répertoire comme compositeur on trouve diverses oeuvres d'étude et de concert : "La Guitare Flamenca Pas à Pas" (série de vidéos) et "Traité de la Guitare Flamenca" (en collaboration avec Claude Worms).

Il jouit de l'énorme privilège d'être le premier professeur de Flamenco donnant ses cours dans des lieux comme la Russie (Conservatoire Tchaikovsky, Moscou), la Pologne (Académie Chopin, Varsovie), Université de Panama. En étant aussi le premier à exposer un concert flamenco en Islande et même dans certaines des îles de notre archipel Canarien.

Il a récemment présenté son travail "Hechizo" ; dans une tournée par l'Amérique du Sud avec un grand succès et une très bonne critique du public.

À l'occasion de l'exposition de Picasso à Ottawa il se rend en tournée par le Canada avec un choix programme d'auteurs espagnols et ses compositions propres.

Pendant la Présidence Européenne de l'Espagne il est requis pour offrir plusieurs concerts par diverses villes européennes.

Durant l'année 2000, et à la demande du gouvernement russe, on sollicite sa présence pour inaugurer avec son spectacle le Festival des Palais en San Petersburgo, la Russie.

C'est le musicien espagnol choisi pour faire partie dans les actes de conclusion du retour du Canal de Panama.

Il a porté sa guitare aux théâtres plus prestigieux, depuis le Théâtre de La Opéra du Caire, le Théâtre Real de Madrid ou le Hermitage Théâtre de Saint Petersburg, jusqu'à des scènes de Sydney, Beyrouth, Buenos Aires ou Helsinki. Il a eu l'occasion de présenter ses concerts dans des pays très divers comme les USA, le Brésil, la Jordanie, l'Allemagne, Chile... ;

Discographie :

- "Torrente" ; (avec la collaboration de Carmen Linares, Serranito, Sara Baras, Javier Barón...)
- "Por Falla" ; (Toast de Guitares avec la guitare classique de Carlos Oramas)
- "Hechizo" ; (Avec Tino di Geraldo, Xosé Manuel Budiño, Guillermo McGill..)

On lui caractérise une vision particulière de la musique flamenco en veillant avec soins chaque son, en exprimant avec subtilité cette grande musique qui estampe avec sa guitare.

Una dilatada carrera profesional que comienza desde muy joven avala su talento y buen hacer como concertista y compositor.

Con tan sólo 17 años ofrece su primer concierto como solista y dos años después se convierte en imprescindible colaborador de dos de los grandes de la guitarra flamenco del momento.

Prosigue su andadura ya en solitario con los primeros reconocimientos y galardones del más alto nivel en el mundo del flamenco, Bordón Minero (Festival de La Unión) y Premio Nacional de Guitarra Flamenca en Jerez de la Frontera, (Cádiz).

Autor de un laborioso método de enseñanza esquematizada, totalmente pionero en este campo en el que destaca un largo y acertado trabajo de investigación sobre la pedagogía en la guitarra flamenco. En su amplio repertorio como compositor se encuentran diversas obras de estudio y de concierto: "**La Guitarra Flamenca Paso a Paso**" (serie videográfica) y "**Tratado de la Guitarra Flamenca**" (en colaboración con Claude Worms).

Goza del enorme privilegio de ser el primer profesor de flamenco que impartiera sus cursos en lugares como Rusia (Conservatorio Tchaikovsky, Moscú), Polonia (Academia Chopin, Varsovia), Universidad de Panamá. Siendo también la primera exposición de concierto flamenco en Islandia e incluso en algunas de las islas de nuestro archipiélago Canario.

Recientemente ha presentado su trabajo "Hechizo" en una gira por Sudamérica con gran éxito de crítica y público.

Con motivo de la exposición de Picasso en Ottawa presenta su gira por Canadá con un escogido programa de autores españoles y sus propias composiciones.

Durante la Presidencia Europea de España es requerido para ofrecer varios conciertos por diversas ciudades europeas.

En el año 2000, y a petición del gobierno ruso, se solicita su presencia para inaugurar con su espectáculo el Festival de los Palacios en San Petersburgo, Rusia.

Es el músico español elegido para formar parte en los actos de celebración de la reversión del Canal de Panamá.

Ha llevado su guitarra a los mas prestigiosos teatros, desde El Teatro de La Opera de El Cairo, el Teatro Real de Madrid o el Hermitage Theatre de Saint Petersburg, hasta escenarios de Sydney, Beirut, Buenos Aires o Helsinki. Ha tenido oportunidad de presentar sus conciertos en muy diversos países como USA, Brasil, Jordania, Alemania, Chile....

Discografía:

- "Torrente" (Colaboran Carmen Linares, Serranito, Sara Baras, Javier Barón...)
- "Por Falla" (Brindis de Guitarras con la guitarra clásica de Carlos Oramas)
- "Hechizo" (Con Tino di Geraldo, Xosé Manuel Budiño, Guillermo McGill..)

Le caracteriza una particular visión de la música flamenco cuidando con esmero cada sonido, expresando con sutileza esta gran música que sella con su guitarra.

An extensive concert career which began when he was very young is testimony to his abilities as a composer and concert performer.

At the age of 17 he gave his first concert as a soloist and two years later he became an indispensable collaborator of two of the finest flamenco guitarists at that time.

He continued to advance his solo career, winning the first prizes awarded at the highest level in the world of flamenco; the Bordón Minero (Festival de La Unión) and the National Flamenco Guitar Prize in Jerez de la Frontera, Cádiz.

He is the author of a complete teaching method, an area in which he is an absolute pioneer following an outstanding investigation into the pedagogy of the flamenco guitar. In his ample compositional repertoire one can find contrasting study and concert works: "**La Guitarra Flamenca Paso a Paso**" (series of video) and "**Tratado de la Guitarra Flamenca**" (in collaboration with Claude Worms).

He enjoys the enormous privilege of having been the first flamenco to teach in such places as Russia (Tchaikovsky Conservatory, Moscow), Poland (Chopin Academy, Warsaw), and The University of Panama.

He has also given the first flamenco concerts in Iceland and even in a few of Spain's Canary Islands.

He recently presented his work "Hechizo" on a highly acclaimed tour of South America.

He presented his tour of Canada beginning with the Picasso exhibition in Ottawa, during which he performed selected works by Spanish authors as well as his own compositions.

During Spain's presidency of the European Union he was called upon to give several concerts in various European cities.

At the behest of the Russian government his presence was required to inaugurate the Saint Petersburg Festival of Palaces in 2000.

He is the Spanish musician chosen to take part in the celebrations of the reversion of the Panama canal.

He has taken his guitar to the most prestigious theatres from the Opera of Cairo in Egypt, Madrid's Royal Theatre and the Hermitage Theatre of Saint Petersburg to Sydney, Beirut, Buenos Aires and Helsinki. He has also performed in the U.S.A, Brazil, Jordania, Germany and Chile among other countries.

Discography:

- "Torrente" (with collaborations from Carmen Linares, Serranito, Sara Baras and Javier Barón)
- "Por Falla" (Celebration of Guitars with the classical guitarist Carlos Oramas)
- "Hechizo" (with Tino de Geraldo, Xosé Manuel Budiño, and Guillermo McGill)

Óscar Herrero has a unique vision of flamenco music, taking care of each note and using his guitar to subtly express this art.

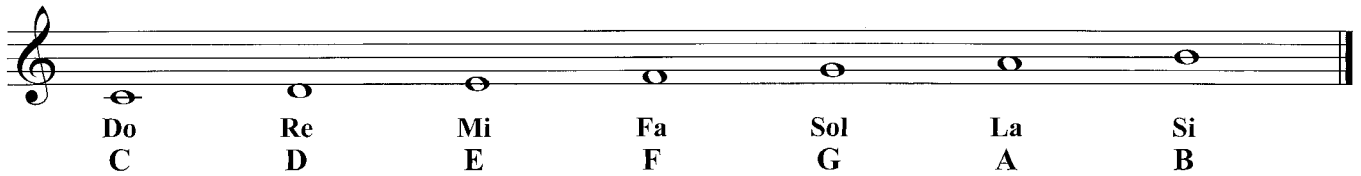
- ALEGRIA “A” -

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- SIGNOS DE NOTACIÓN -



NOTA: Cuando se refiere a acordes y no se indica nada, el acorde es Mayor, ejemplo:
C = acorde de **Do Mayor**; **Cm** = acorde de **Do menor**; **C7** = acorde de **Do séptima**

(Mano derecha) p = pulgar; i = índice; m = medio; a = anular; e = meñique; T = todos

(Mano izquierda) 1 = índice; 2 = medio; 3 = anular; 4 = meñique

① ② ③ ④ ⑤ ⑥ Los números indican la cuerda donde se pisa

* Golpe en la tapa armónica con dedos: a, m

Pos 1, Pos 2, Posición de la mano izquierda sobre el diapason

I, II, III, IV, Cejilla en el traste donde indica el número romano

$\frac{1}{2}$ I, $\frac{1}{2}$ IV, $\frac{1}{2}$ V, Media cejilla en el traste donde indica el número romano

— Fin de cejilla, **Pos, Ras,** () Opcional

- RASGUEADOS -

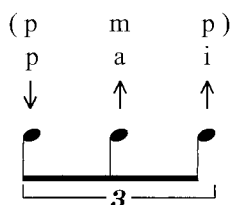
↑
(p, i, m, a, e)

Rasgueado de graves a agudos con el dedo que se indique

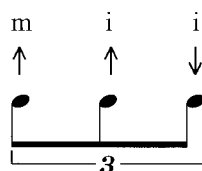
↓ (p, i) Rasgueado de agudos a graves con el dedo que se indique

* ↑ (p, i) Rasgueado de graves a agudos con el dedo que se indique, acompañado de golpe

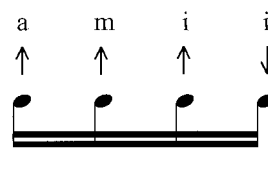
* ↑ (i, m) Golpe en la parte superior de la tapa armónica seguido de rasgueo con el dedo que se indique



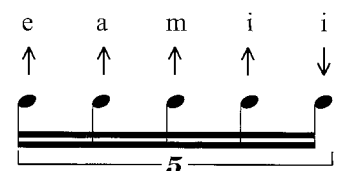
Ras A



Ras 3

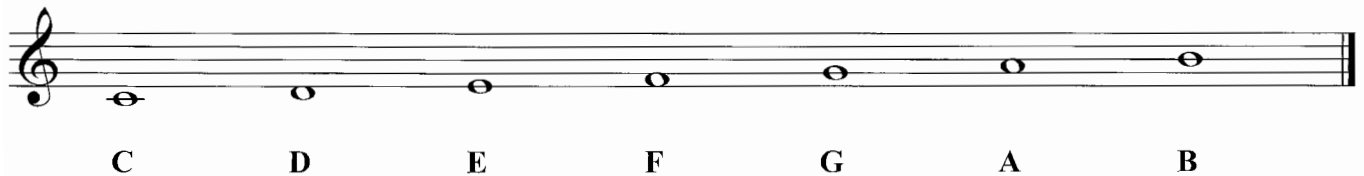


Ras 4



Ras 5

- NOTATION SIGNS -



NB: When referring to chords and none is indicated, the chord is Major for example:
C = the chord of **C Major**; **Cm** = **C minor**; **C7** = chord of **C7**

(Right hand) p = thumb; i = index; m = middle; a = ring finger; e = little finger; T = all
 (Left hand) 1 = first finger; 2 = second finger; 3 = third finger; 4 = fourth finger

① ② ③ ④ ⑤ ⑥ The numbers indicate the string which must be struck

* "Golpe" is a tap on the sound board with the ring finger and middle finger....

Pos 1, Pos 2, Position of the left hand on the fret board

I, II, III, IV, Barré on the fret indicated by the Roman numeral

½I, ½IV, ½V, Half barré on the fret indicated by the Roman numeral

— End of barré, (cejilla) **Pos, Ras,** () Optional

- RASGUEADOS - (STRUMMING)

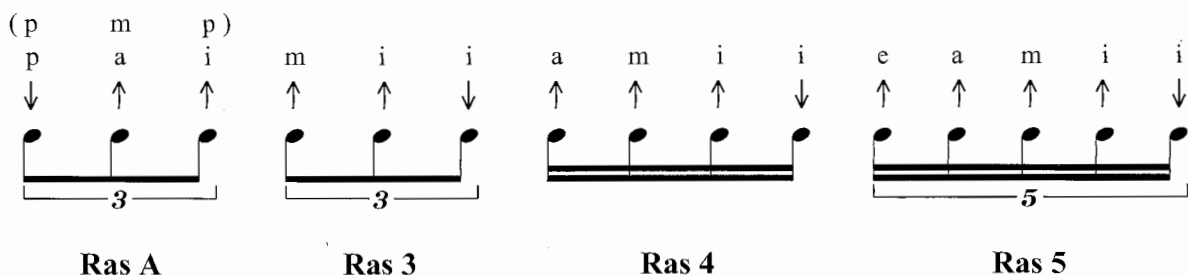
↑
 (p, i, m, a, e)

Rasgueados from the bass to the treble strings with the finger indicated

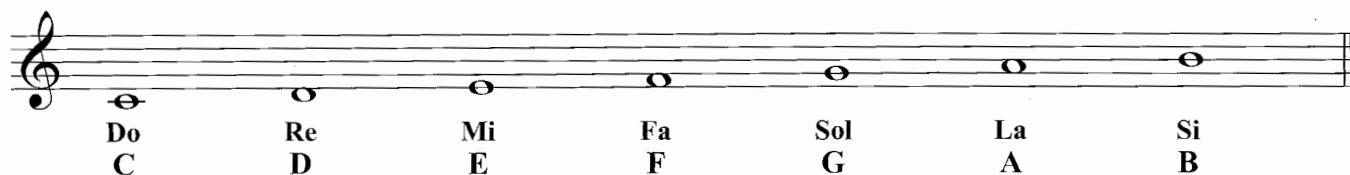
↓ (p, i) Rasgueados from the treble to the bass strings with the finger indicated

* ↑ (p, i) Rasgueados from the bass to the treble strings with the finger indicated accompanied by the "golpe"

* ↑ "Golpe" on the 'upper' sound board (above the bass strings) followed by the finger indicated
 (i, m)



- SIGNES DE NOTATION -



AVIS: Lorsque on se reporte à un accord sans indiquer rien de plus l' accord est majeur, exemple:
C = accord de **Do Majeur**; **Cm** = accord de **Do mineur**; **C7** = accord de **Do septième**

(Main droite) p = pouce; i = index; m = majeur; a = annulaire; e = auriculaire; T = tous

(Main gauche) 1 = index; 2 = majeur; 3 = annulaire; 4 = auriculaire

① ② ③ ④ ⑤ ⑥ Les numeros indiquent la corde où l'on appui

* "Golpe" coup sur table harmonique avec les doigts a, m

Pos 1, Pos 2, Position de la main gauche sur le diapason

I, II, III, IV, Barré dans la frette où l'on indique le nombre romain

$\frac{1}{2}$ I, $\frac{1}{2}$ IV, $\frac{1}{2}$ V, Demi barré dans la frette où l'on indique le nombre romain

— Fin de capodastre, **Pos, Ras,** () Facultatif

- RASGUEADOS -

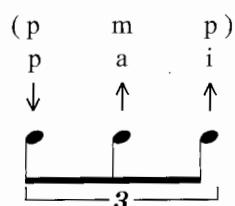
↑
(p, i, m, a, e)

Rasgueados des cordes graves vers les aigües avec les doigts indiqué

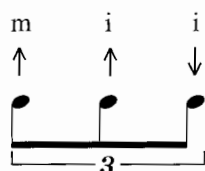
↓ (p, i) Rasgueados des cordes aigües vers les graves avec les doigts indiqué

* ↑ (p, i) Rasgueados des cordes graves vers les aigües avec les doigts indiqué, accompagné d'un "golpe"

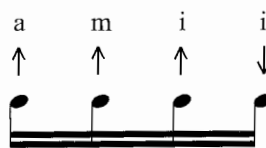
↑ * "Golpe" donné dans la partie supérieure de la table harmonique suivi d'un rasgueado avec le doigt qui est indiqué
 (i, m)



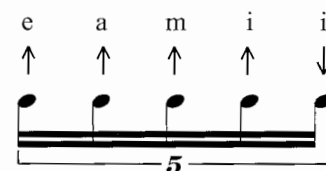
Ras A



Ras 3



Ras 4



Ras 5

CIERRES (C)

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Nº 1 **Nº 2**

p i p *p* i m a p

TAB: 0 1 2 0 1 3 0 1 2 0 1 3

Nº 3 **Nº 4**

p i m a p *p* i p

TAB: 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1 3 3 0 2 0 1 3 0 2 3

Nº 5 **Ras A** **Nº 6**

p i p *p* i p

TAB: 0 1 0 2 3 0 0 1 1 0 0 2 2 2 2 0 2 2 3 0 1

Nº 7 **Nº 8**

p i p *p* i p

TAB: 1 3 5 3 5 7 0 0 1 1 0 0 2 0 2 3 0 1

- ALEGRIA “C” -

ESTRUCTURAS RÍTMICAS / STRUCTURE RHYTHMIC

COMPASES RASGUEADOS C – G7 – C – G7 – C

		>			>		>		>		>
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
C		G7	C			G7			C		

COMPASES RASGUEADOS C – G7 – C

		>			>		>		>		>
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
C		G7							C		

COMPASES RASGUEADOS “INTRO”

COMPÁS 1

		>			>		>		>		>
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
C									G7		

COMPÁS 2

		>			>		>		>		>
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
G7									C		

COMPÁS 3

		>			>		>		>		>
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
C						(C7)			F		

COMPÁS 4 (SECUENCIA “F-C-G7-C”)

		>			>		>		>		>
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
F			C			G7			C		

COMPASES RASGUEADOS (C-G7-C-G7-C)

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Nº 1

TAB

0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	1	1
1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3	2	3	2	2	2	2	3	3	3	2	2

TAB

1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	1	1	0	1	1	1
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3

Nº 2

TAB

0	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	1	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3

TAB

1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3

COMPASES RASGUEADOS (C-G7-C)

[illegible]

N° 2 **Ras A**

3 6 T T 3

TAB

0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3

COMPASES RASGUEADOS (C)

(INTRO)

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Ras 5

Nº 1

TAB

Ras A

TAB

Ras 5

TAB

Ras A

TAB

Ras 5

TAB

3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	0	0	3	0	0	3	0	0	3	0
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	1	0	1	1	0	1	1	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	3	2	3	2	2	3	2	2	3

Ras 5

TAB

0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3

Ras 4

TAB

1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3

Ras A

TAB

1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3

Nº 2 *

T	3	3	3	0	0	0	3	3	3	0	0	0
A	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
B	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3

Ras A

T	3	3	3	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
A	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
B	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3

Ras A

T	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
A	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
B	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	2

Ras A

T	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
A	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
B	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3

First system of musical notation for 'Alegrías "C"'. The staff shows a sequence of chords and single notes. The tablature below indicates the fret positions for each note.

T	3	3	3	0	0	0	0	3	3	3	0	0	0	0
A	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
B	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
B	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
B	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3

Second system of musical notation. It includes a 'Ras A' section with a triplet of eighth notes. The tablature continues with fret numbers 0, 1, 2, and 3.

T	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
A	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
B	3	3	3	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
B	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
B	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3

Third system of musical notation. It includes another 'Ras A' section with a triplet. The tablature continues with fret numbers 0, 1, 2, and 3.

T	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
A	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
B	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
B	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
B	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3

Fourth system of musical notation. It includes a 'Ras A' section with a triplet. The tablature continues with fret numbers 0, 1, 2, and 3.

T	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
A	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
B	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
B	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
B	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3

SECUENCIA (C) (F-C-G7-C)

Oscar Herrero

Nº 1 I

p p i m a i m i m

TAB 3 3 2 1 1 5 1 3 5

B 3 2 0 1 0 3 0 1 3

Picado

TAB 0 1 3 0 2 3 0 2 3 0 2 0

B 0 1 3 0 2 3 0 2 3 0 2 0

Nº 2 I

p a m i p i m a i m i m

TAB 1 1 2 3 2 1 1 3 5 3 1

B 1 1 2 3 2 1 1 3 5 3 1

Picado

TAB 1 0 3 1 0 2 0 3 2 0 3 2

B 1 0 3 1 0 2 0 3 2 0 3 2

Ras A 3

Nº 3

p i m a i m p i m a i m

TAB: 3 2 0 0 1 0 3 1 0 2 | 3 2 0 0 1 3 0 3 1 0

Picado

TAB: 2 0 3 0 2 4 2 1 0 3 2 0 | 3

Nº 4

p

TAB: 1 3 3 2 0 2 | 3 5 5 3 5 5 0

TAB: 3 5 1 3 3 2 0 | 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2
3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3

MELODÍAS 7-8-9 (C)

Oscar Herrero

Nº 1

p

T 1 3 0 1
A 3 0 2 3
B

Nº 2

p i p

T 1 3 0 0 1 0 0
A 3 3 0 0 2 2 3
B

Nº 3

p i m a (*)

T 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
A 0 0 0 0 0 0 1
B 3 0 2 3

Nº 4

Picado

T 0 1 3 0 2 3 0 2 0 3 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0
A 0 2 3 0 2 3 0 2 0 3 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0
B 0 1 3 0 2 3 0 2 0 3 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0

Nº 5

p

T
A
B

2 4 2 0 2 3 2 0 2 3 0 3 2 0 3 2 0 1

Nº 6

1

2

3

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516

Nº 7

p
↑

TAB

1 0 3 1
0 0 0 0
0 3 2 3

Nº 8

p

TAB

2 3 0 | 0 3 0 | 1 0 3 2 1 0 | 3 2 0 1 0 0

FALSETAS (C)

Oscar Herrero

Falseta 1

0 1 0 0 1 0 2 3

1 0 2 0 0 3 3 2 2 0 0 3

0 2 3 0 2 3 3 0 2 3 0 2 0

1 0 3 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 2 0 3

3 0 2 3 0 3 3 2 0

3 2 0 1 0 0 1 0 2 3

3 0 2 3 0 1 2 1 0

1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1

1 3 3 2 3 0 2

3 5 5 4 5 4 5

3 0 2 3 0 2 3 3 2 0

3 2 0 1 0 0 1 0 2 3

Falseta 2

Musical score for the song "pami pip" in G major, 2/4 time. The score is written on a five-line staff with a treble clef and a key signature of one sharp (F#). The melody consists of the notes G4, A4, B4, and A4 in the first measure, and G4, A4, B4, and A4 in the second measure. The lyrics "pami pip" are written below the notes. The score is marked with a (*) at the end.

0 1 0 0 1 0 3 2 0 4 3 2 0 0 (*)

0 1 0 0 1 0 0 2 0 3 2 0 3 2 0 1

I

0 1 0 0 0 1 0 2 1 3 3 2 1

1 1 2 3 2 1 1 3 1 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 3

Picado

1 0 3 1 0 2 0 3 2 0 3 2 3

Falseta 2b

T
A
B

T
A
B

T
A
B

T
A
B

First system of musical notation for "Alegrías "C"". The top staff is a treble clef with a key signature of one flat (Bb). It contains a melody with three triplet eighth notes, followed by a quarter note, a half note, and a quarter note marked with an asterisk (*). The bottom staff is a guitar tablature with six lines, showing fret numbers 0, 1, 0, 0, 1, 0, 0, 2, 0, 0, 1, 2, 0, 1.

Second system of musical notation for "Alegrías "C"". The top staff continues the melody with a triplet eighth note, a quarter note, a half note, and a quarter note marked with an asterisk (*). The bottom staff shows fret numbers 0, 1, 0, 0, 2, 0, 0, 2, 0, 0, 1, 2, 0, 1.

Third system of musical notation for "Alegrías "C"". The top staff continues the melody with a triplet eighth note, a quarter note, a half note, a quarter note, a triplet eighth note, a quarter note, a half note, and a quarter note marked with an asterisk (*). The bottom staff shows fret numbers 0, 1, 0, 0, 2, 0, 0, 2, 0, 0, 1, 2, 0, 1.

Fourth system of musical notation for "Alegrías "C"". The top staff continues the melody with a triplet eighth note, a quarter note, a half note, a quarter note, a triplet eighth note, a quarter note, a half note, and a quarter note marked with an asterisk (*). The bottom staff shows fret numbers 0, 1, 0, 0, 2, 0, 0, 2, 0, 0, 1, 2, 0, 1.

Falseta 3

p i a m i
 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 3 3 3 3 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 0

T 3 0 2 3 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 0
 B 3 0 2 3 5

3 3 3 3 1 1 1 1 0 0 0 0 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 0

T 2 0 3 2 0 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 0
 B 2 0 3 2 0

0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 3 3 3 3 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 3 3 3 3

T 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 3 3 3 3 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 3 3 3 3
 B 3 0 2 3 0 2

5 5 5 5 3 3 3 3 1 1 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

T 5 5 5 5 3 3 3 3 1 1 1 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
 B 3 2 0 3 2 0

First system of musical notation. The top staff is a treble clef with a key signature of one sharp (F#). It contains a sequence of eighth notes, mostly beamed in groups of four. Fingering numbers 4 and 5 are indicated above the notes. The bottom staff is a guitar TAB with six lines. The notes are represented by numbers 0, 1, 3, 5, and 2. The first measure has a 3 on the low E string. The second measure has a 0 on the low E string. The third measure has a 2 on the low E string. The fourth measure has a 3 on the low E string. The fifth measure has a 5 on the low E string. The sixth measure has a 0 on the low E string.

Second system of musical notation. The top staff continues the sequence of eighth notes with fingering numbers 4 and 5. The bottom staff continues the guitar TAB with numbers 3, 3, 3, 3, 1, 1, 1, 1, 3, 3, 3, 3, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 5, 3, 3, 3, 3. The first measure has a 2 on the low E string. The second measure has a 0 on the low E string. The third measure has a 2 on the low E string. The fourth measure has a 3 on the low E string. The fifth measure has a 3 on the low E string. The sixth measure has a 2 on the low E string.

Third system of musical notation. The top staff continues the sequence of eighth notes with fingering numbers 4 and 5. The bottom staff continues the guitar TAB with numbers 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 1, 1, 1, 1. The first measure has a 0 on the low E string. The second measure has a 0 on the low E string. The third measure has a 3 on the low E string. The fourth measure has a 2 on the low E string. The fifth measure has a 2 on the low E string. The sixth measure has a 0 on the low E string.

Fourth system of musical notation. The top staff continues the sequence of eighth notes with fingering numbers 4 and 5. The bottom staff continues the guitar TAB with numbers 0, 0, 0, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 3, 3, 3, 3, 0, 2, 0, 1. The first measure has a 3 on the low E string. The second measure has a 0 on the low E string. The third measure has a 2 on the low E string. The fourth measure has a 3 on the low E string. The fifth measure has a 2 on the low E string. The sixth measure has a 0 on the low E string. The seventh measure has a 1 on the low E string. The eighth measure has a 1 on the low E string. The ninth measure has a 1 on the low E string. The tenth measure has a 1 on the low E string. The eleventh measure has a 1 on the low E string. The twelfth measure has a 1 on the low E string. The thirteenth measure has a 1 on the low E string. The fourteenth measure has a 1 on the low E string. The fifteenth measure has a 1 on the low E string. The sixteenth measure has a 1 on the low E string. The seventeenth measure has a 1 on the low E string. The eighteenth measure has a 1 on the low E string. The nineteenth measure has a 1 on the low E string. The twentieth measure has a 1 on the low E string. The twenty-first measure has a 1 on the low E string. The twenty-second measure has a 1 on the low E string. The twenty-third measure has a 1 on the low E string. The twenty-fourth measure has a 1 on the low E string. The twenty-fifth measure has a 1 on the low E string. The twenty-sixth measure has a 1 on the low E string. The twenty-seventh measure has a 1 on the low E string. The twenty-eighth measure has a 1 on the low E string. The twenty-ninth measure has a 1 on the low E string. The thirtieth measure has a 1 on the low E string. The thirty-first measure has a 1 on the low E string. The thirty-second measure has a 1 on the low E string. The thirty-third measure has a 1 on the low E string. The thirty-fourth measure has a 1 on the low E string. The thirty-fifth measure has a 1 on the low E string. The thirty-sixth measure has a 1 on the low E string. The thirty-seventh measure has a 1 on the low E string. The thirty-eighth measure has a 1 on the low E string. The thirty-ninth measure has a 1 on the low E string. The fortieth measure has a 1 on the low E string. The forty-first measure has a 1 on the low E string. The forty-second measure has a 1 on the low E string. The forty-third measure has a 1 on the low E string. The forty-fourth measure has a 1 on the low E string. The forty-fifth measure has a 1 on the low E string. The forty-sixth measure has a 1 on the low E string. The forty-seventh measure has a 1 on the low E string. The forty-eighth measure has a 1 on the low E string. The forty-ninth measure has a 1 on the low E string. The fiftieth measure has a 1 on the low E string. The fifty-first measure has a 1 on the low E string. The fifty-second measure has a 1 on the low E string. The fifty-third measure has a 1 on the low E string. The fifty-fourth measure has a 1 on the low E string. The fifty-fifth measure has a 1 on the low E string. The fifty-sixth measure has a 1 on the low E string. The fifty-seventh measure has a 1 on the low E string. The fifty-eighth measure has a 1 on the low E string. The fifty-ninth measure has a 1 on the low E string. The sixtieth measure has a 1 on the low E string. The sixty-first measure has a 1 on the low E string. The sixty-second measure has a 1 on the low E string. The sixty-third measure has a 1 on the low E string. The sixty-fourth measure has a 1 on the low E string. The sixty-fifth measure has a 1 on the low E string. The sixty-sixth measure has a 1 on the low E string. The sixty-seventh measure has a 1 on the low E string. The sixty-eighth measure has a 1 on the low E string. The sixty-ninth measure has a 1 on the low E string. The seventieth measure has a 1 on the low E string. The seventy-first measure has a 1 on the low E string. The seventy-second measure has a 1 on the low E string. The seventy-third measure has a 1 on the low E string. The seventy-fourth measure has a 1 on the low E string. The seventy-fifth measure has a 1 on the low E string. The seventy-sixth measure has a 1 on the low E string. The seventy-seventh measure has a 1 on the low E string. The seventy-eighth measure has a 1 on the low E string. The seventy-ninth measure has a 1 on the low E string. The eightieth measure has a 1 on the low E string. The eighty-first measure has a 1 on the low E string. The eighty-second measure has a 1 on the low E string. The eighty-third measure has a 1 on the low E string. The eighty-fourth measure has a 1 on the low E string. The eighty-fifth measure has a 1 on the low E string. The eighty-sixth measure has a 1 on the low E string. The eighty-seventh measure has a 1 on the low E string. The eighty-eighth measure has a 1 on the low E string. The eighty-ninth measure has a 1 on the low E string. The ninetieth measure has a 1 on the low E string. The ninety-first measure has a 1 on the low E string. The ninety-second measure has a 1 on the low E string. The ninety-third measure has a 1 on the low E string. The ninety-fourth measure has a 1 on the low E string. The ninety-fifth measure has a 1 on the low E string. The ninety-sixth measure has a 1 on the low E string. The ninety-seventh measure has a 1 on the low E string. The ninety-eighth measure has a 1 on the low E string. The ninety-ninth measure has a 1 on the low E string. The hundredth measure has a 1 on the low E string.

Falseta 4

Picado

p

i

TAB

0 5 0 5 0 3 1 0 2 0 3 2 0 0 1 2 3 2 0

m a Picado

tr

TAB

0 0 1 3 0 1 0 3 1 0 3 2 1 3 0 2 3 0 2 0

(tr)

TAB

0 1 3 0 2 3 0 2 3 0 2 1 0 2 1 0 3 1 0 3 1

i

Ras A

p

TAB

5 3 1 0 3 1 0 2 0 3 2 0 0 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 0 0 0 0 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 3

Falseta 5

III

Musical notation for Falseta 5, first system. Treble clef, 4/4 time. Melody: p i p, 3 1, 3 1, p. Rhythm: quarter, eighth, quarter, eighth, quarter, eighth, quarter, eighth. Tablature: T 1 3 5, 3 4 3 5 6; A 3 3 5 5 7 7; B 3 3 5 5 7 7.

Musical notation for Falseta 5, second system. Treble clef, 4/4 time. Melody: 3 1, 3 1, p, 4. Rhythm: quarter, eighth, quarter, eighth, quarter, eighth, quarter, eighth. Tablature: T 0 1 3, 1 1 3 5; A 2 2 3 3 5 5; B 2 2 3 3 5 5.

$\frac{1}{2}$ V

Musical notation for Falseta 5, third system. Treble clef, 4/4 time. Melody: 3 1, 3 1, p, 3. Rhythm: quarter, eighth, quarter, eighth, quarter, eighth, quarter, eighth. Tablature: T 0 1 3, 5 5 6 5 7 8; A 2 2 3 3 5 5; B 2 2 3 3 5 5.

Musical notation for Falseta 5, fourth system. Treble clef, 4/4 time. Melody: 3 1, 3 1, 3 1, 3 1. Rhythm: quarter, eighth, quarter, eighth, quarter, eighth, quarter, eighth. Tablature: T 7 5 7 6 5 4 5, 4 3 4 2 4 3 4; A 5 5 7 3 4 5; B 5 5 7 3 4 5.

I

TAB

III

TAB

Picado

TAB

TAB

Falseta 6

Musical notation for the first system. The treble staff shows a melody with triplets and a "Picado" instruction. The guitar tablature (TAB) below shows fret numbers: 0, 2, 3, 1, 0, 2, 0, 1, 0, 2, 0.

Pos 5

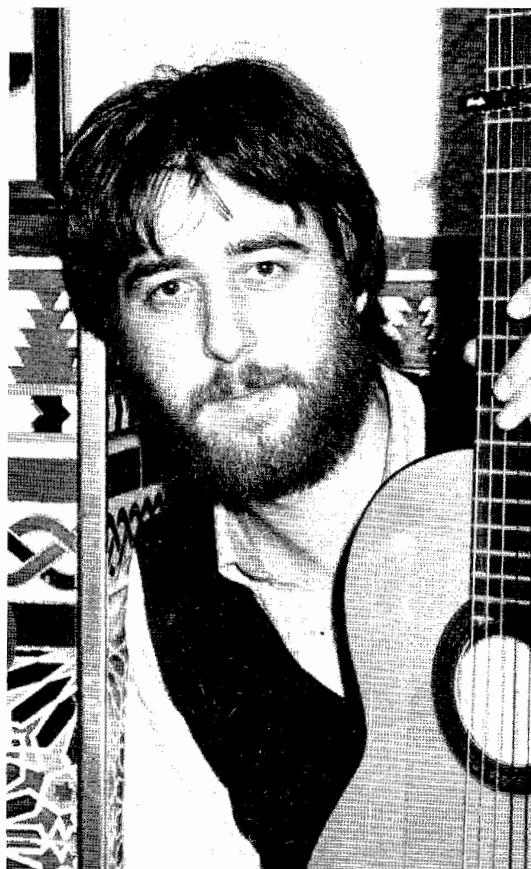
Musical notation for the second system, labeled "Pos 5". The treble staff shows a melody. The guitar tablature (TAB) below shows fret numbers: 1, 3, 0, 6, 8, 5, 8, 6, 5, 7, 5, 8, 7.

Musical notation for the third system. The treble staff shows a melody with triplets and a circled "2" above a note. The guitar tablature (TAB) below shows fret numbers: 6, 8, 6, 5, 7, 5, 7, 5, 6, 8, 6, 9, 8, 6, 9.

Musical notation for the fourth system. The treble staff shows a melody with triplets and a final note marked with a "*" and "p" (piano). The guitar tablature (TAB) below shows fret numbers: 8, 7, 6, 3, 3, 3, 7, 5, 0, 0, 5.

Musical notation for the first system of 'Alegrías 'C''. The top staff is in treble clef with a key signature of one flat (Bb). It features two triplet eighth notes, followed by a quarter note, and then a half note with a 'p' (piano) dynamic and an upward-pointing arrow. The bottom staff is a guitar tablature with two lines, T (treble) and B (bass). The first measure contains the numbers 5, 5, 5, 8, 7, and 7. The second measure contains 2, 0, 3, 0, 1, 0, 3, 0, 2, and 0.

Musical notation for the second system of 'Alegrías 'C''. The top staff continues the melody with eighth and quarter notes, ending with a double bar line. The bottom staff continues the guitar tablature with the numbers 3, 2, 1, 0, 2, 1, 0, 3, 2, 1, 0, 4, and 3.



Oscar Herrero, 1983 Foto: Ricardo Márquez

REMATES (C)

Oscar Herrero

3 4 0 1 2 3 4 0 1 2 3 0 1

Ras A

Nº 2

Picado

T	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1					
A	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0					
B	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0					
	2	2	2	2	0	0	0	0					
	3	3	3	3	2	2	2	2					

0 1 2 1 0 3 0 2 0 1 3 0

Nº 3

TAB

1	3	5	7	2	3	5
1	1	3	3	5	0	0
1	3	5	0	1	1	3

TAB

0	1	2	1	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Nº 4

Pos 5 ↑ ↓ Pos 3 ↑ ↓

Alzapúa

TAB

0	6	5	7	5	4	4	5	3	2	2	3	3	2	0	3	2	1	0	4	3
0	6	5	7	5	4	4	5	3	2	2	3	3	2	0	3	2	1	0	4	3
0	6	5	7	5	4	4	5	3	2	2	3	3	2	0	3	2	1	0	4	3

Ras A

Picado

TAB

0	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0	3	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

LLAMADAS (C)

Oscar Herrero

The image shows a musical score for a piece titled "Ras A". It features a guitar and a 5-string bass. The guitar part is written on a single staff with a treble clef and a key signature of three flats (B-flat, E-flat, A-flat). The notation includes a triplet of eighth notes, a slur over a triplet of eighth notes, and a "p" (piano) dynamic marking. The bass part is written on a single staff with a 5-string line and fret numbers (0-4). The piece is divided into sections labeled IV, III, and Ras A. The Ras A section is marked with a "3" indicating a triplet.

Ras A

Nº 2

1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1

0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2

3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3

1 2

[illegible][illegible][illegible]

FINAL (C)

Oscar Herrero

Nº 1

I T p T p T p T p

III T p T p T p T

T	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
A	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
B	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	3	3	3	3	3	3	3

IV i * III i * p

Ras A 3

T	4	3	3	0	0	0	0
A	4	3	3	1	1	1	1
B	6	4	4	0	0	0	0
	6	5	5	2	2	2	2
	4	3	3	3	3	3	3

Nº 2 Ras 4

T	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
A	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
B	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3

III p* p* p T

T	3	0	0	0
A	3	1	1	1
B	4	0	0	0
	3	2	2	2
	5	3	3	3

Nº 3

I Ras A 3 III T IV* p↑ I Ras A 3 III T IV* p↑

TAB

1	1	1	1	3	4	1	1	1	1	3	4
1	1	1	1	3	4	1	1	1	1	3	4
2	2	2	2	4	4	2	2	2	2	4	4
3	3	3	3	5	6	3	3	3	3	5	6
3	3	3	3	5	6	3	3	3	3	5	6
1	1	1	1	3	4	1	1	1	1	3	4

III p↑ p p↑

TAB

3	3	0
3	3	1
4	4	0
5	5	2
5	5	3
3	3	3

Nº 4

4 3 2 # 4 3 1 2 #

TAB

3	5	6	5	6	8
2	4	5	4	5	7
0	2	3	2	3	5
2	4	5	4	5	7
					0

p↑

TAB

0
1
0
2
3

CIERRES (A)

Oscar Herrero

Nº 1 **Nº 2**

p i p *p* i m a p

TAB: 0 2 2 2 | 0 2 2 2 2

Nº 3 **Nº 4**

p i p *p* i m a p

TAB: 0 0 0 4 2 | 0 2 2 0 2 2

Nº 5 **Nº 6**

p i p *p* a m i p

TAB: 0 2 2 2 0 0 | 0 2 2 2 2 2

Nº 7 **Nº 8**

p *p* i p

TAB: 0 2 2 2 2 2 | 4 2 2 2 3 5

- ALEGRÍA “A” -

ESTRUCTURAS RÍTMICAS / STRUCTURE RHYTHMIC

COMPASES RASGUEADOS A – E7 – A – E7 – A

		>			>		>		>		>
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
A		E7	A			E7			A		

COMPASES RASGUEADOS A – E7 – A

		>			>		>		>		>
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
A		E7							A		

COMPASES RASGUEADOS “INTRO”

COMPÁS 1

		>			>		>		>		>
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
A									E7		

COMPÁS 2

		>			>		>		>		>
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
E7									A		

COMPÁS 3

		>			>		>		>		>
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
A						(A7)			D		

COMPÁS 4 (SECUENCIA “D-A-E7-A”)

		>			>		>		>		>
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
D			A			E7			A		

COMPASES RASGUEADOS (A-E7-A-E7-A)

Oscar Herrero

Nº 1

T

Ras A

T

*

i a i i a i i

TAB

T

P

T

P

T

i

*

p

TAB

Nº 2

i

i

*

p

p

i

Ras A

TAB

T

*

p

TAB

COMPASES RASGUEADOS (A-E7-A)

Nº 1

0 2 1 0 0 1 0 2 0 0 2 0 2 0

0 0 1 0 2 0 2 0 2 0 2 0 2 0 2 0

Nº 2

0 2 2 4 2 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 0 0 2 0

0 0 0 0 0 0 2 2 2 2 2 2 0 2 2 0

COMPASES RASGUEADOS (A)

(INTRO)

Oscar Herrero

Nº 1

First system of musical notation for 'Alegrías A'. It consists of a treble clef staff with a key signature of three sharps (F#, C#, G#) and a guitar tablature staff below it. The treble staff features five measures of music, each containing a triplet of eighth notes. Above the first, third, and fifth measures are upward-pointing arrows labeled 'i'. Above the second and fourth measures are upward-pointing arrows labeled 'p*'. The tablature staff shows fingerings: 0, 2, 0 for the first measure; 0, 2, 0 for the second; 0, 2, 0 for the third; 0, 2, 0 for the fourth; and 0, 2, 0 for the fifth.

Second system of musical notation. The treble staff shows six measures. The first three measures contain triplets of eighth notes with upward-pointing arrows labeled 'i', '*', and 'i' respectively. The fourth measure has an upward-pointing arrow labeled 'p*' and a downward-pointing arrow labeled 'p'. The fifth measure is a triplet of eighth notes with an upward-pointing arrow labeled 'i'. The sixth measure is a triplet of eighth notes with an upward-pointing arrow labeled 'p*'. The tablature staff shows fingerings: 0, 2, 0 for the first measure; 0, 2, 0 for the second; 0, 2, 0 for the third; 0, 2, 0 for the fourth; 0, 2, 0 for the fifth; and 0, 2, 0 for the sixth.

Third system of musical notation. The treble staff shows six measures. The first measure is a triplet of eighth notes with an upward-pointing arrow labeled 'i'. The second measure has an upward-pointing arrow labeled 'p*' and a downward-pointing arrow labeled 'p'. The third measure is a triplet of eighth notes with an upward-pointing arrow labeled 'i'. The fourth measure has an upward-pointing arrow labeled 'p*' and a downward-pointing arrow labeled 'p'. The fifth measure is a triplet of eighth notes with an upward-pointing arrow labeled 'i'. The sixth measure has an upward-pointing arrow labeled 'p*' and a downward-pointing arrow labeled 'p'. The tablature staff shows fingerings: 0, 2, 0 for the first measure; 0, 2, 0 for the second; 0, 2, 0 for the third; 0, 2, 0 for the fourth; 0, 2, 0 for the fifth; and 0, 2, 0 for the sixth.

Fourth system of musical notation. The treble staff shows four measures. The first measure is a triplet of eighth notes with an upward-pointing arrow labeled 'i'. The second measure has an upward-pointing arrow labeled 'p*' and a downward-pointing arrow labeled 'p'. The third measure is a triplet of eighth notes with an upward-pointing arrow labeled 'i'. The fourth measure is a triplet of eighth notes with an upward-pointing arrow labeled 'p*'. The tablature staff shows fingerings: 0, 2, 0 for the first measure; 0, 2, 0 for the second; 0, 2, 0 for the third; and 0, 2, 0 for the fourth.

Nº 2 **Ras 4** **Ras 4**

T	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
A	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
B	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

T	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
A	5	5	5	5	6	6	6	6	6	6	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
B	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2

Ras 4 **Ras 4**

T	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
A	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
B	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2

T	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
A	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
B	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Ras 4

1 2 3 1 3 2

TAB

T	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
A	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
B	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
B	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
B	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

2 3 1 4 2 1

TAB

T	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
A	5	5	5	5	5	5	5
B	6	6	6	6	6	6	6
B	7	7	7	7	7	7	7
B	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Ras A

3 2 4 3 1

TAB

T	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	0	0	0
A	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	0	0	0
B	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	6	6	6
B	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	7	7
B	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	5	5	5

TAB

T	0	0	0	0	0
A	2	2	2	2	2
B	1	1	1	1	1
B	0	0	0	0	0
B	2	2	2	2	2

SECUENCIA (A) (D-A-E7-A)

Oscar Herrero

Nº 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ II

p i m a p i m a i m i m

TAB

TAB

Nº 2 $\frac{1}{2}$ II

p

TAB

Pos 2

i ↓

p*

TAB

Nº 3

Pos 2

Picado

TAB

2 0 3 0 2 4 2 0 5 4 2 0 | 7 5 4 0 9 7 5 9 7 0 3 2

TAB

3 2 0 2 1 4 2 0 4 2 0 4 | 0

Nº 4

TAB

3 5 7 5 3 2 | 4 4 6 6 7 7 | 6 6 4 4 2 2

TAB

0 0 2 1 0 2 2 2 0 0 4 2 | 0 2 2 2 0 0 4 2

MELODÍAS 7-8-9 (A)

Oscar Herrero

Nº 1

TAB

2 4 0 2 0 4 2 0 4

0 2 2 2 2

Nº 2

TAB

0 0 1 0 0 1 0 0 1

0 2 2 2 2

Nº 3

TAB

0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1

0 0 4 0 0 4 2 4 2

0 2 2 2 0 2 2 2 0

Nº 4

TAB

2 4 0 2 4 0 2 4 2 0 4

0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2

1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1

0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2

Nº 5

p p p i m a m i p i p.....

T
A
B

0 2 7 6 7 7 0 7 7 0 6 7 0

Nº 6

Picado

T
A
B

0 2 4 0 2 4 0 2 4 1 2 0 2 0 2 1 4 2 1 4 2 0 4 2 0

Nº 7

p p p i p.....

T
A
B

1 4 2 2 4 3 3 6 4 0 0 0 4 2 0 2 2

Nº 8

p p i p p.....

T
A
B

0 2 0 1 0 3 2 0 2 1 0 0 0 0 4 2 0

FALSETAS (A)

Oscar Herrero

Falseta 1

0 0 0 0 2 2 2

0 0 4 2 0 4 0 2 2 2

Falseta 2

Alzapúa

TAB

TAB

Alzapúa

TAB

TAB

Alzapúa

T
A
B

T
A
B

T
A
B

T
A
B

Falseta 3

T 2 3 0 2 0 0 1 2 0 2 0 0

A 0 1

B 0

Ras A

T 2 3 0 2 0 3 2 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

A 0 1 0

B 0 1 0

T 1 2 0 2 3 0 2 0 3 2 0 2 1 4 2 4

A 0 2

B 0

i m a

T 1 0 0 3 0 3 2 0 1 2

A 0

B 0

Picado

1/2 II

p p i m a i m i p i l l l

Pos 2

Falseta 4

Pos 2

Picado

T
A
B

T
A
B

Picado

T
A
B

T
A
B

1 4 2 4 2 4 2

Picado

T
A
B

2 4 2 4 2 4 2

0 2 4 2 0 2 4 2 0 4 2 0 1 2

T
A
B

3 4 0 1 2 3 4 0 1 2 3 4 0

1/2 II Pos 2

p i m a i m Picado

T
A
B

0 2 2 3 5 2 5 2 4 5 4 2 0 4 2 0 5 4 3 2 0 3 2 0

T
A
B

2 1 0 4 3 2 1 0 4 3 2 1 0

Falseta 5

p i a m i

T	0	0	0	0	2	2	2	2	4	4	4	4	5	5	5	5	4	4	4	4	2	2	2	2
B	4				0				2				4				2				0			

(*)

T	0	0	0	0	3	3	3	3	2	2	2	2	0	0	0	0					1
B	4				2				0				0				2				0

T	3	3	3	3	0	0	0	0	2	2	2	2	4	4	4	4	2	2	2	2	0	0	0	0
B	2				4				0				2				0				4			

(*)

T	3	3	3	3	2	2	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0					2
B	2				0				4				0				2				2

5 5 5 5 5 5

T 2 2 2 2 3 3 3 3 0 0 0 0

A 0 2 4

B 0 2 4

5 5 5 5 5 5

T 4 4 4 4 2 2 2 2 0 0 0 0

A 2 0 4

B 2 4 3

5 5 5 5 5 5

T 2 2 2 2 0 0 0 0 2 2 2 2

A 0 4 0

B 0 4 4

5 5 5 5 5 5

T 3 3 3 3 2 2 2 2 0 0 0 0

A 2 0 4

B 2 0 4

Falseta 6 Pos 4

i m a m i

T 6 7 0 7 5 4
A 0 6 6 6 5 4
B 0 0 0 0 10 9 7 10

i m a m i

T 9 7 9 7 9 7 7
A 0 7 7 6 5 3
B 0 7 5 4 0 4

$\frac{1}{2}$ II $\begin{Bmatrix} B \\ G \\ D \end{Bmatrix}$

p p i m a m i m

T 0 1 0 3 2 3
A 2 0 7 7 0 7 6 7
B 0 7 6 7 0 7 6 7

m i i p

T 5 5 3 3 2 1 2
A 4 4 2 2 0 1 2
B 4 2 1 0 2 1 2

Pos 4

The first system of music for 'Alegrías A' is in treble clef with a key signature of three sharps (F#, C#, G#). It consists of two measures. The first measure contains a triplet of eighth notes (F#, A, C#) and a quarter note (F#). The second measure contains a triplet of eighth notes (A, C#, E) and a quarter note (A). The tablature below shows the fretting for each string: Treble (T) has frets 6, 7, 0, 7, 6; Middle (M) has frets 5, 4, 5, 4, 7, 5, 3, 2; Bass (B) has frets 0, 0, 0.

Pos 4

The second system of music continues the piece. It starts with a piano (p) dynamic marking. The first measure contains a triplet of eighth notes (F#, A, C#) and a quarter note (F#). The second measure contains a triplet of eighth notes (A, C#, E) and a quarter note (A). The third measure contains a triplet of eighth notes (F#, A, C#) and a quarter note (F#). The fourth measure contains a triplet of eighth notes (A, C#, E) and a quarter note (A). The fifth measure contains a triplet of eighth notes (F#, A, C#) and a quarter note (F#). The sixth measure contains a triplet of eighth notes (A, C#, E) and a quarter note (A). The tablature below shows the fretting for each string: Treble (T) has frets 4, 7, 5, 4, 6, 5, 5, 7, 7, 3; Middle (M) has frets 2, 0, 0, 2, 3; Bass (B) has frets 4, 7, 5, 4, 6, 5, 5, 7, 7, 3.

½ II

The third system of music is marked with a half note and a Roman numeral II. It consists of two measures. The first measure contains a triplet of eighth notes (F#, A, C#) and a quarter note (F#). The second measure contains a triplet of eighth notes (A, C#, E) and a quarter note (A). The third measure contains a triplet of eighth notes (F#, A, C#) and a quarter note (F#). The fourth measure contains a triplet of eighth notes (A, C#, E) and a quarter note (A). The fifth measure contains a triplet of eighth notes (F#, A, C#) and a quarter note (F#). The sixth measure contains a triplet of eighth notes (A, C#, E) and a quarter note (A). The tablature below shows the fretting for each string: Treble (T) has frets 2, 2, 5, 4, 2, 5, 3, 5, 7; Middle (M) has frets 7, 6, 5, 5, 4, 3, 3, 2; Bass (B) has frets 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0.

The fourth system of music continues the piece. It consists of two measures. The first measure contains a triplet of eighth notes (F#, A, C#) and a quarter note (F#). The second measure contains a triplet of eighth notes (A, C#, E) and a quarter note (A). The third measure contains a triplet of eighth notes (F#, A, C#) and a quarter note (F#). The fourth measure contains a triplet of eighth notes (A, C#, E) and a quarter note (A). The fifth measure contains a triplet of eighth notes (F#, A, C#) and a quarter note (F#). The sixth measure contains a triplet of eighth notes (A, C#, E) and a quarter note (A). The tablature below shows the fretting for each string: Treble (T) has frets 2, 2, 0, 1, 0, 2, 1, 2; Middle (M) has frets 0, 2, 2, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0; Bass (B) has frets 1, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0, 0.

REMATES (A)

Oscar Herrero

Nº 1 $\frac{1}{2}$ II

TAB

2 4 6 2 6 2 4 0 2 4 1 4 1 2 4 2 1

TAB

4 0 0 0 0 1 1 4 2 4 2 0 4 0 0 2 0

Nº 2

TAB

4 2 1 4 2 1 4 2 1 4 2 0 4 2 0 4 2 0 0 0 1 2

TAB

0 0 2 2 2 0 4 0 2 0 4 2 0 4 2 2 2 0 0 2 2 0

N° 3

3 3 3 3 3

p i p 1 3 1 3 i 3

TAB

2 3 4 5 6 7

0 0 1 1 2 2 3 3 4 4 5

Nº 4

p*

p*

p*

p

Picado

T	0	0	0	0
A	3	2	0	0
B	2	2	1	1
	0	2	0	0
	0	0	2	2

4 0 2 4 0 2 4 1 2 0

LLAMADAS (A)

Oscar Herrero

Nº 1

Ras A

4 3 2 1

T	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	0	2	0	0	0	0
A	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	7	7	7
B	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	7	7	7
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	6	6	6
	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	7	7	7
	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

T	0	0	0	0
A	1	1	1	2
B	0	0	0	2
	2	2	2	0
	0	0	0	0

Nº 2

T	0	0	0	0	0	0
A	1	1	1	1	1	1
B	0	0	0	0	0	0
	4	2	2	2	2	2
	0	0	0	0	0	0

T	0	0	0	0	0	0
A	1	1	1	1	1	1
B	0	0	0	0	0	0
	2	4	0	4	2	4
	0	0	0	0	0	0

FINAL (A)

Oscar Herrero

Nº 1 Ras 5

T	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
A	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
B	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
B	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

T	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	2	2
A	2	2	2	2	2	2	1	2	2	2	2
B	3	3	3	3	3	3	0	2	2	2	0
B	1	1	1	1	1	1	0				

Nº 2 Ras 4

T	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
A	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	0
B	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
B	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1

T	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	2	2
A	0	0	0	0	0	0	2	2	2	2	2
B	2	2	2	2	2	2	0				
B	0										



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